

V. DESIGN STANDARDS

- i. Medium Voltage Cables
- ii. Separable Connectors Splices & Fault Indicators
- iii. Manholes & Ductbanks
- iv. Primary Switches & Medium Voltage Transformers
- v. Metering, Monitoring, & Data Logging
- vi. SUCF Program Directives



MEDIUM VOLTAGE CABLES



This standard is not meant to exclude manufacturers who can meet or exceed the minimum requirements set herein. See approved manufacturers section.



CABLE MAIN CHARACTERISTICS:

COMPACT STRAND CONSTRUCTION

Okonite Cable Modified by Greenwich Engineering

Okoguard[®]-Okoseal[®] Type MV-105 15kV Shielded Power Cable

One Okopact[®] (Compact Stranded) Copper Conductor/105°C Rating 133% Insulation Level

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A Uncoated, Okopact (Compact Stranded) Copper Conductor

B Strand Screen-Extruded Semiconducting EPR

C Insulation-Okoguard EPR

D Insulation Screen-Extruded semiconducting EPR

E Shield-Copper Tape

F Jacket Okoseal

Critical Specifications

Conductor: Annealed uncoated copper compact stranded per ASTM B-496.

Strand Screen: Extruded semiconducting EPR strand screen. Meets or exceeds electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-93-639/NEMA WC74 & S-97-682, AEIC CS8 and UL 1072.

Insulation: Meets or exceeds electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-93-639/NEMA WC74 & S-97-682, AEIC CS8 and UL 1072.

Insulation Screen: Extruded semiconducting EPR insulation screen . Meets or exceeds electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-93-639/NEMA WC74 & S-97-682, AEIC CS8 and UL 1072.

Shield: 5 mil bare copper tape helically applied.

Jacket: Meets or exceeds electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-93-639/NEMA WC74 & S-97-682 and UL 1072 for polyvinyl chloride jackets. UL Listed as Type MV-105 and sunlight resistant in accordance with UL 1072





Product Features

Triple tandem extruded, all EPR system. Okoguard cables meet or exceed all recognized industry standards (UL, AEIC, NEMA/ICEA, IEEE). 105°C continuous operating temperature. 140°C emergency rating. 250°C short circuit rating. Excellent corona resistance. Screens are clean stripping. Exceptional resistance to "treeing". Moisture resistant. Resistant to most oils, acids, and alkalies. Sunlight resistant. Improved Temperature Rating.

 1-Okonite Catalog Number 2-Conductor Size - AWG or kcmil 3-Conductor Size - mm2 4-Approx. Dia. over Insulation(in.) 5-Approx. Dia. over Screen(in.) 6-Jacket Thickness - mils 7-Jacket Thickness - mm 8-Approx. O.D Inches 	09-Approx. O.D mm 10-Approx. Net Weight Ibs./1000' 11-Approx. Ship Weight Ibs./1000' 12-Ampacities Conduit in Air 13-Ampacities Underground Duct* 14-Conduit Size-Inches** 15-Bending radius (in)
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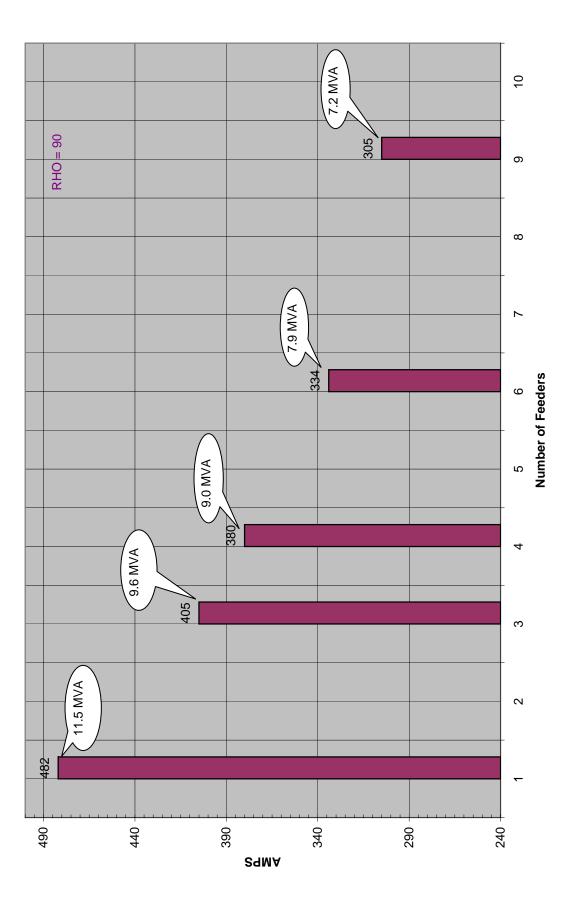
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
115-23-3127	350	177.0	1.11	1.18	80	2.03	1.37	34.7	1810	1950	440	415	4	18
▲115-23-3131	500	253.0	1.22	1.30	80	2.03	1.49	37.7	2355	2555	535	500	5	20
▲115-23-3135	750	380.0	1.40	1.48	80	2.03	1.66	42.2	3246	3511	655	610	5	22

^{*} Derate this figure to account for the external thermal contribution due to other cables and the specific installation configuration. *See Greenwich Engineering Ampacity Chart*

** 3 x 1/c 500 Kcmil are approved in 4" existing conduits at SYNY-A



500kCMIL Cable Ampacities in UG Ductbank





Installation Notes and Requirements:

- 1. Contractors, accompanying their bid proposals, shall submit written evidence documenting that they have satisfactorily completed a minimum of three (3) similar medium-voltage projects, of equal or greater dollar value, within the previous five (5) years, and shall also submit the resumes of proposed electricians expected to perform the contract's cable pulling and splicing work."
- 2. Ensure all pulling procedures and compounds are as approved and certified by the cable manufacturer.
- 3. All single core cables shall be triplexed on reels prior to shipment at the factory
- 4. No cable over 6 months old, when delivered to site, shall be used.
- 5. A separate grounding conductor of #4/0 shall be run all along, and bonded to the cable sheath and manhole grounding system at every splice or termination.
- 6. Submit the following, certified by the manufacturer, for the full cable run and obtain campus facilities engineering approval prior to start of work:
 - i. Side wall pressure profile
 - ii. Cable tension profile
 - iii. Cable pulling implementation plan, including ways and means of execution.
- 7. Submit high voltage cable Splicer/Terminator certification of competency and experience 30 days before splices or terminations are made in high voltage cables. Splicer/Terminator experience during the immediate past 5 years shall include regular and ongoing performance in splicing and terminating cables of the type and classification being provided under this Contract.



- 8. Company Field Advisor: Secure the services of the cable manufacturer's field advisor for minimum of (40) hours for the following:
 - i. Render advice regarding method of installing cable.
 - ii. Inspection of equipment for installing cable.
 - iii. Witness representative amount of cable pulling and testing.
 - iv. Certify with a sworn affidavit that the aforementioned particulars are satisfactory and the cable installed in accordance with cable manufacturer's recommendations.

APPROVED VENDORS:

- 1. Kerite
- 2. Pirelli
- 3. Okonite



SEPERABLE CONNECTORS SPLICES & FAULT INDICATORS



This standard is not meant to exclude other manufacturers who can meet or exceed the minimum requirements set here in. See approved manufacturers section.



SEPARABLE CONNECTORS:

1. Junctions

Critical Characteristics:

- a. Compliance with IEEE 386
- b. All Copper current carrying and mating components

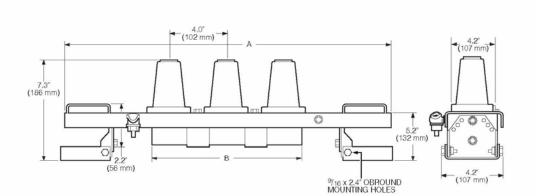


Figure 3.

Dimensional drawing shows mounting configuration.

Note: Dimensions given are for reference only

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TABLE 6

		sical		Mo	unting Dir	nensions i	n./mm	
Number of		mm	Configuration 1		Configuration 2		Configuration :	
Interfaces	Α	в	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
2	19.0 (483)	7.0 (178)	14.1 (358)	16.9 (429)	9.7 (248)	12.5 (318)	5.6 (142)	8.4 (213)
3	23.0 (584)	11.0 (279)	18.6 (472)	21.4 (544)	14.2 (361)	17.0 (432)	10.1 (257)	12.9 (328)
4	27.1 (686)	15.0 (381)	24.1 (612)	26.9 (686)	19.7 (500)	22.5 (572)	15.6 (396)	18.4 (467)

Configuration 1. Both feel turned out. Configuration 2. One foot turned out, the other in. Configuration 3. Both feet turned in.

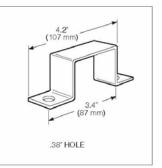


Figure 4. Stainless Steel U-strap for direct wall mount.

Note: Dimensions given are for reference only.



SEPARABLE CONNECTORS:

2. No Load Breaks (NLB)

Critical Characteristics:

- a. Compliance with IEEE 386
- b. All Copper current carrying and mating components
- c. Connectors shall be rated for 900A (Copper)

Deadbreak Apparatus Connectors

600 A 15/25 kV Class Bol-T[™] Deadbreak Connector

MODIFIED BY GREENWICH ENGINEERING

GENERAL

The Cooper Power Systems 600 A, 15/25 kV Class Bol-T[™] Deadbreak Connector is used to terminate highvoltage underground cable on deadfront apparatus such as transform-ers, switches and switchgear. It is fully shielded, submersible and meets the requirements of IEEE Standard 386* – "Separable Insulated Connector Systems"

The capacitive test point on the insulating plug provides a means of testing the circuit without disturbing the bolted connection.

In addition to the capacitive test point feature on the insulating plug, Cooper Power Systems offers an optional capacitive test point similar to the test points on Cooper 200 A Elbows. This allows the use of the Type "TPR" Series Fault Indicators, and provides a hotstick operable means of determining circuit condition when used with high impedance voltage sensing devices designed for test points.

Bol-T Connectors are designed for use on solid dielectric cable (XLPE or EPR) with extruded semi-conductive shields and concentric neutral, with or without a jacket.

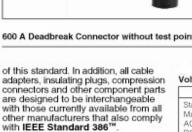
Installation on jacketed concentric neutral cable may require additional sealing material. Cold shrinkable adapters are available for tape shield. linear corrugated and drain wire cable adaptation for use with deadbreak connectors.

900 AMP RATING

The Bol-T is rated for 900 A continuous when used with a coppertop compression connector, copper insulating plug, copper stud and copper bushing or junction.

INTERCHANGEABILITY

All Cooper Power Systems 600 A Deadbreak Connectors conform to the electrical, mechanical and dimensional requirements of IEEE Standard 386TM. The connectors can be used on any comparably rated bushing interface that also meets the requirements



INSTALLATION

A torque wrench and one-inch socket are used to tighten the insulating plug through the compression connector within the T-body onto a de-energized 600 A bushing interface. Refer to Installation Instruction Sheet 600-10-2 for details

PRODUCTION TESTS

Tests conducted in accordance with IEEE Standard 386[™]:
■ AC 60 Hz 1 Minute Withstand

- 40 kV
- Minimum Corona Voltage Level 19 kV

Tests conducted in accordance with Cooper Power Systems requirem

- Physical Inspection
 Periodic Dissection
- Periodic X-ray Analysis

Voltage Batings and Characteris

Description	kV
Standard Voltage Class	25
Maximum Rating Phase-to-Ground	15.2
AC 60 Hz 1 Minute Withstand	40
DC 15 Minute Withstand	78
BIL and Full Wave Crest	125
Minimum Corona Voltage Level	19

TABLE 2

Current Ratings and Characteristics

Description	Amperes				
Continuous 24 Hour	600 A mis				
Overload	1,000 A rms				
Short Time	40,000 A rms symmetrical for 0.17 s 27,000 A rms symmetrical for 4.0 s				



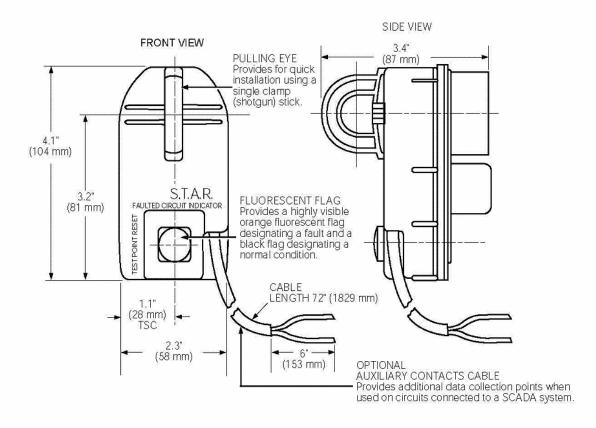


600 A Deadbreak Connector without test point: with test point.



SEPARABLE CONNECTORS: 3. Fault Indicators with SCADA contacts

S.T.A.R.™ Faulted Circuit Indicators Test Point Reset Type



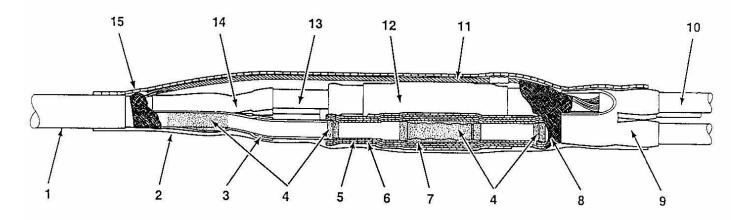
Features and dimensions of a TPR faulted circuit indicator with optional auxiliary contacts cable.



4. EPR / PILC CABLES

The basic kit approved for this particular case, is based on Raychem product HVS / HVSR product.

Below is the basic components of the splice in a Y configuration.



Key:

- 1. PILC Cable
- 2. Wraparound Sealing Sleeve
- 3. Oil Barrier Tubes
- 4. SRM (Stress Relief Mastic) Oil Block
- 5. Insulating Tube
- 6. Shielding/Insulating Tube
- 7. Stress Relief Tube
- 8. Copper Mesh
- 9. Sealing Breakout
- 10. Polymeric Cables
- 11. Ground Braid
- 12. Reinforcing Tube
- 13. Conductive Tubes
- 14. Conductive Breakout
- 15. Sealing Sleeve Joining Rail



APPROVED MANUFACTURERS:

- I. SEPERABLE CONNECTORS
 - i. ELASTIMOLD
 - ii. COOPER INDUSTRIES
- II. FAULT INDICATORS
 - i. COOPER INDUSTRIES
 - ii. FISHER PIERCE
- III. INLINE SPLICES
 - i. Raychem
 - ii. 3M

Installation Notes and Requirements:

- 1. Ensure all termination procedures and ancillaries are as approved and certified by the cable and splice and termination manufacturer.
- 2. "Contractors, accompanying their bid proposals, shall submit written evidence documenting that they have satisfactorily completed a minimum of three (3) similar medium-voltage projects, of equal or greater dollar value, within the previous five (5) years, and shall also submit the resumes of proposed electricians expected to perform the contract's cable pulling and splicing work."
- 3. Submit high voltage cable Splicer/Terminator certification of competency and experience 30 days before splices or terminations are made in medium voltage cables. Splicer/Terminator experience during the immediate past 5 years shall include regular and ongoing performance in splicing and terminating cables of the type and classification being provided under this Contract.
- 4. Each worker and/or team shall provide a non-energized mockup of each type of splice required for the work, demonstrating methods and workmanship, which shall be retained throughout the period of work as the standard for judging the completed work.

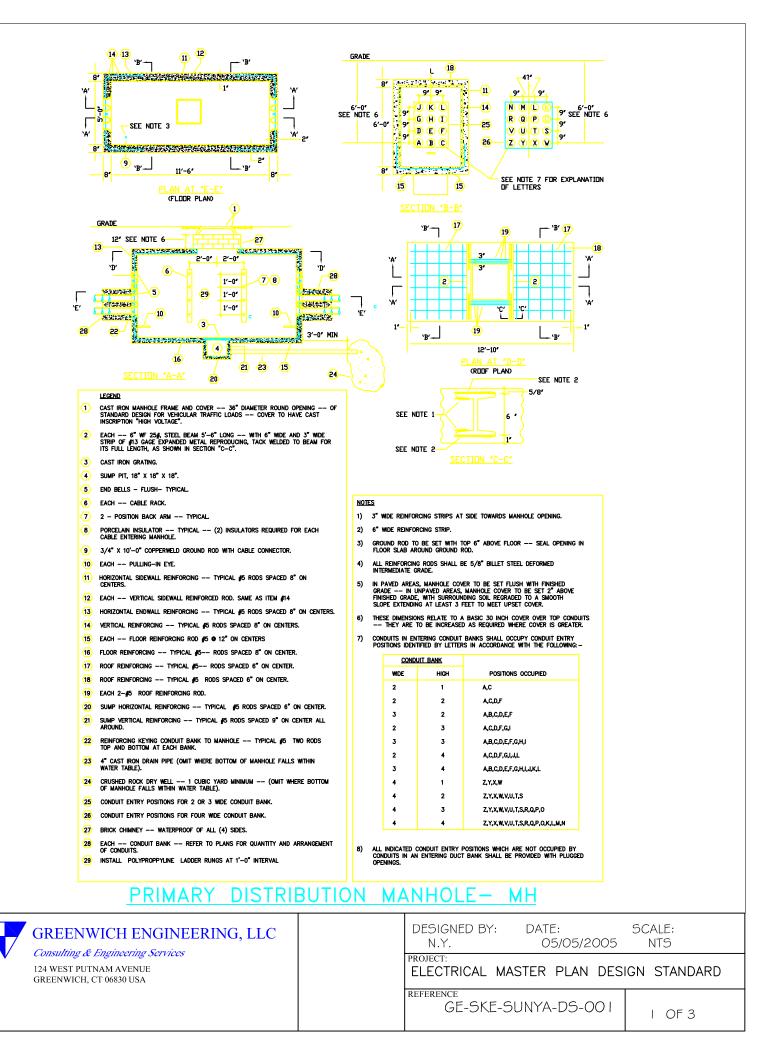


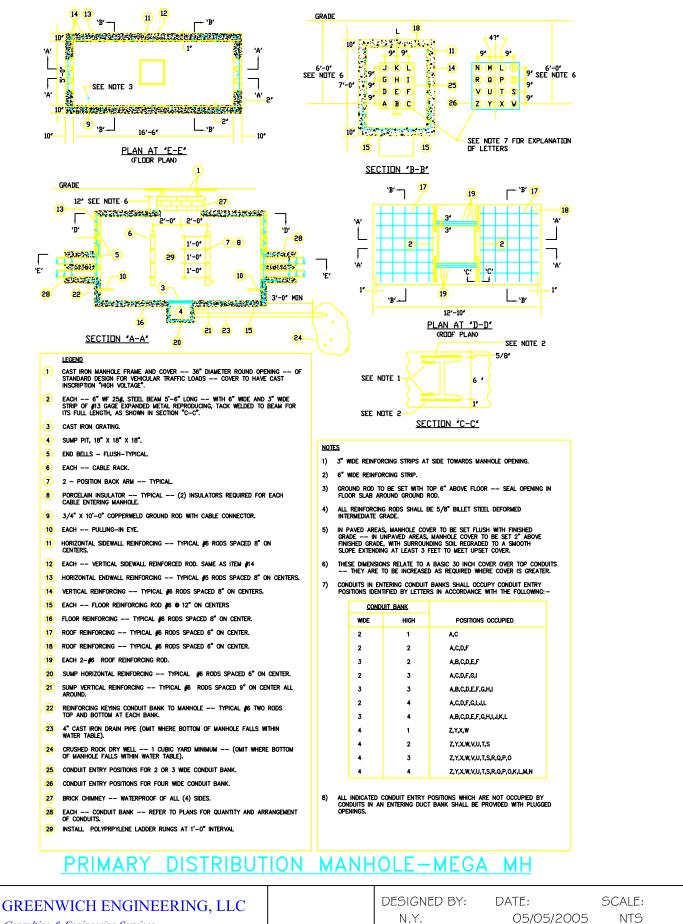
- 5. Contractor shall provide a witnessed test report of a satisfactory high potential test in conjunction with the splice manufacturer's destructive test report on all mockups prepared for this work.
- 6. The contractor shall secure the services of the splice / termination manufacturer's field advisor for a minimum of (40) hours for the following:
 - i. Witness construction of at least 20 % of the splices and terminations by each cable splicer who will be doing the actual splicing.
 - ii. Certify with a sworn affidavit that the aforementioned particulars are satisfactory and the splice / terminations are installed in accordance with the splice / termination and cable manufacturer's recommendations.



MANHOLES & DUCTBANKS



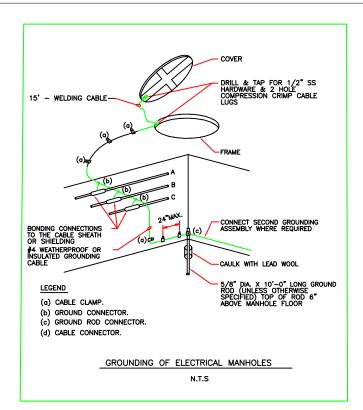


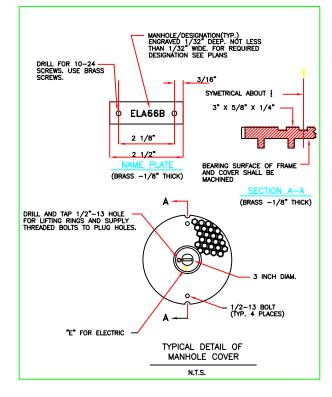


Consulting & Engineering Services 124 WEST PUTNAM AVENUE GREENWICH, CT 06830 USA

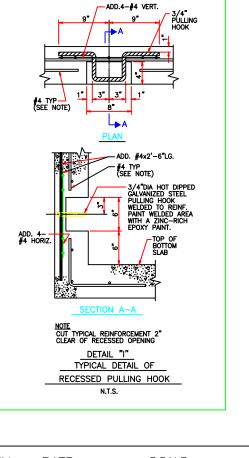
PROJECT: ELECTRICAL MASTER PLAN DESIGN STANDARD

GE-SKE-SUNYA-DS-001





MANHOLE COVER DETAILS



<u>NOTES</u>

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MANHOLE STRUCTURE AND COVER SHALL COMPLY WITH AASHTO H20 LOADING AND ASTM C978 REQUIREMENTS FOR HEAVY TRAFFIC

GREENWICH ENGINEERING, LLC	DESIGNED BY: DATE: SCALE:
Consulting & Engineering Services	N.Y. 05/05/2005 NTS
124 WEST PUTNAM AVENUE	PROJECT:
GREENWICH, CT 06830 USA	ELECTRICAL MASTER PLAN DESIGN STANDARD
	GE-SKE-SUNYA-DS-001 3 OF 3

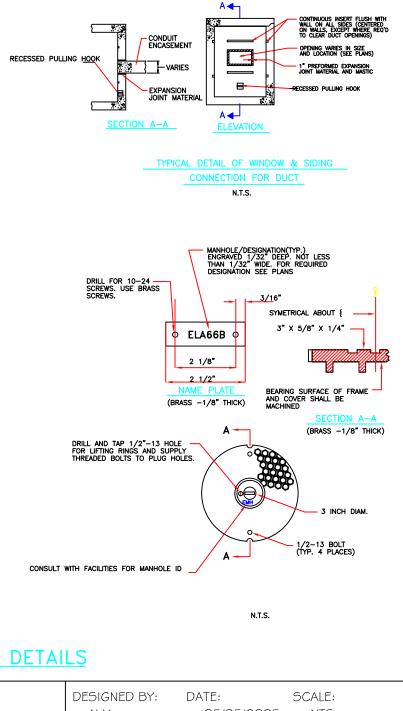
GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. FRAME AND COVER FOR TRUCK LOADS SHALL BE CAST IRON CAMPBELL#1012B (MANHOLES) OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- 2. FOR COVER MARKINGS AND MANHOLE ID, CONSULT CAMPUS FACILITIES
- 3. INSERTS SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED STEEL UNISTRUT SERIES P-3200 COMPLETE WITH END CAPS OF SIMILAR MATERIAL AND FINISH, AND WAXED CARDBOARD CLOSURE STRIPS.
- 4. INSTALL GROUNDING ASSEMBLY IN LOCATIONS SPECIFIED OR AS SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 5. PAINT ALL GROUND CONNECTIONS WITH ASPHALT BASE PAINT.
- 6. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE ASTM A-615 GRADE 60.
- 6. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE ASTM A-615 GRADE 60.

DUCT-BANK NOTES:

- 1. INSERTS SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED STEEL UNISTRUT SERIES P-3200 COMPLETE WITH END CAPS OF SIMILAR MATERIAL AND FINISH, AND WAXED CARDBOARD CLOSURE STRIPS.
- 2. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE ASTM A-615, GRADE 60.
- 3. CONCRETE STRENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM 4000 PSI @ 28 DAYS

CONDUIT SUPPORT



AND SPACERS 24" MIN. BETWEEN ADJ. COUPLINGS ^ ▲ ٦ 1. 4 Þ. 🗸 Ø. 4 Ø. 7 Þ.,, 0 7 7 р. А А 7 7 7 v . v *v*. <) *v*. < Ø. 4 ▲ ◀┛ PLAN FINISHED GRADE 18" MIN. FOR MANHOLES REINFORCING BARS 2* MIN CLASS "B' CONCRETE INTERMEDIATE SPACER BASE SPACEF USE SIDE FORMS-RIGID PVC BASE MATERIAL-3" MIN COMPATIBLE WITH THE B∢ SPACERS POWER SECTION A-A SECTION B-B NOTES:

NULES

 FOR SIZE AND NUMBER OF CONDUITS AS WELL AS DUCT BANK FORMATION, SEE PLANS.
 REINFORCEMENT OF THE CONCRETE ENCASEMENT FOR CONDUIT BANKS SHALL CONSIST OF #5 LONGTUDINAL REINFORCING BARS LOCATED 3" IN FROM THE OUTSIDE SURFACE OF THE ENVELOPE AND SPACED 6" ON CENTERS ON ALL 4 SIDES: TOP, BOTTOM, AND TWO SIDES #4 REBARS 12" ON CENTER APART SHALL BE USED TO THE THE LONGITUDINAL BARS TOGETHER.

> DUCT BANK DETAILS - TYPICAL ARRANGEMENT N.T.S.

DUCT BANK DETAILS

GREENWICH ENGINEERING, LLC <i>Consulting & Engineering Services</i> 124 WEST PUTNAM AVENUE GREENWICH, CT 06830 USA	DESIGNED BY: N.Y. PROJECT: ELECTRICAL M/	DATE: 05/05/2005 ASTER PLAN DES	SCALE: NTS IGN STANDARD
	REFERENCE GE-SKE-S	BUNYA-DS-002	/



PRIMARY SWITCHES & MEDIUM VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS





<u>LEGEN</u>	D		
N.O. / N.C.	PRIMARY SELECTIVE 15 KV SWITCH ASSEMBLY WITH VACUUM INTERRUPTER		CIRCUIT BREAKER
K⊢ →K	KEY INTERLOCK	(3) 1200/5	CURRENT TRANSFORMER. SUBSCRIPT NUMERAL IN PARENTHESIS INDICATE NUMBER OF DEVICES. NUMERAL INDICATES RATIO.
ų.	POWER TRANSFORMER	(3) 	POTENTIAL TRANSFORMER NUMERAL IN PARENTHESIS INDICATES NUMBER OF DEVICES
-0-	VACUUM INTERRUPTER	PM	DIGITAL POWER METERING SYSTEM
	SEPERABLE CONNECTOR NO LOAD BREAK, 900A ALL COPPER	o o - LA	LIGHTNING ARRESTER

SHORT SPECS:

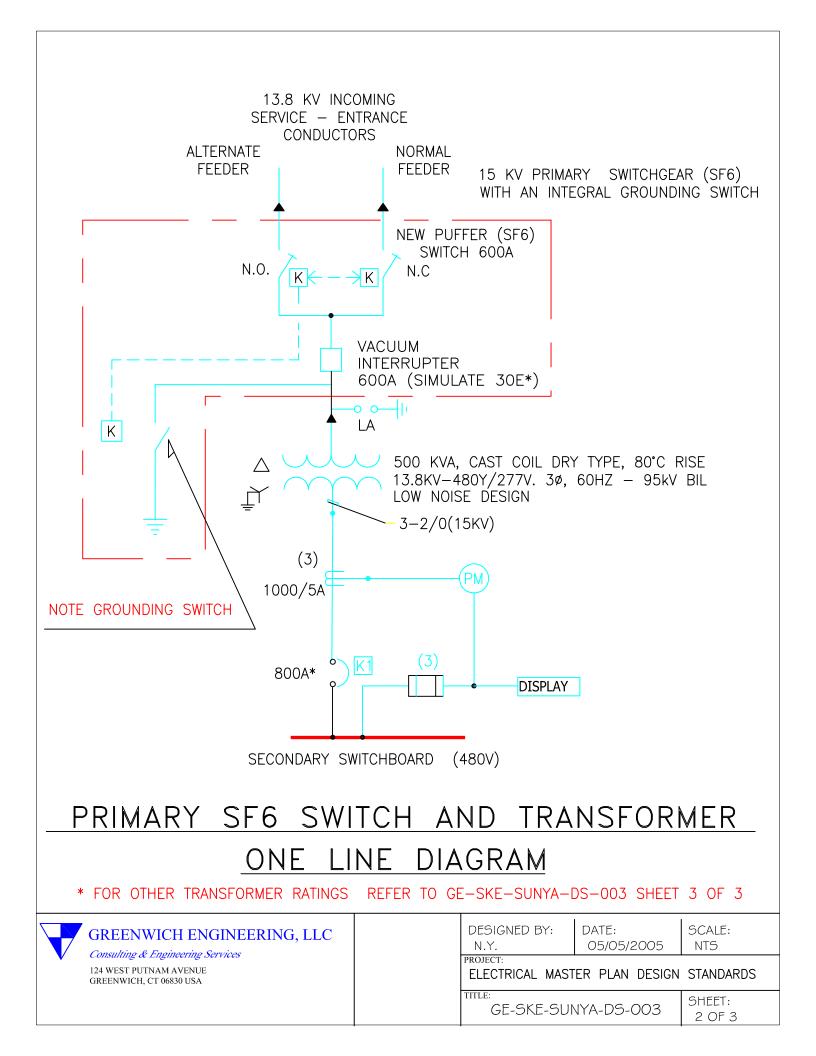
SF6 SWITCHGEAR:

The switchgear shall consist of a gas-tight tank containing SF6 gas, load-interrupter switches and re-settable vacuum fault interrupters with visible open gaps and integral visible grounds, and a microprocessor-based over-current control. Load-interrupter switch terminals shall be equipped with bushings rated 600 amperes continuous, and fault-interrupter terminals shall be equipped with bushing wells rated 600 amperes continuous to provide for elbow connection. Manual operating mechanisms and viewing windows shall be located on the opposite side of the tank from the bushings and bushing wells so that operating personnel shall not be required to perform any routine operations in close proximity to high-voltage elbows and cables.

CAST COIL TRANSFORMER:

- The transformer shall be manufactured by a company certified to ISO 9001, ANSI/ASQC Q9001 for the design and manufacture of Power, Distribution, and specialty Dry type transformers.
- The high voltage windings shall be vacuum cast in a metal mold ensuring absence of voids.

	GREENWICH ENGINEERING, LLC Consulting & Engineering Services	DESIGNED BY: N.Y.	DATE: 05/05/2005	SCALE: NTS
V	124 WEST PUTNAM AVENUE GREENWICH, CT 06830 USA	PROJECT: ELECTRICAL MAST	I STANDARDS	
		REFERENCE GE-SKE-SUN	NYA-DS-003	sheet I OF 3



	ORMER PROTECT Y COORDINATED SETTINGS FOR EACH N CONSULT WITH GREENWICH ENGIN		
XFMR kVA	PRIMARY FUSE	SECONDARY CB 480V AMPS	SECONDARY CB 208V AMPS
150	7E	225	500
225	10E	350	800
300	15E	450	1000
500	25E	800	1600
750	30E	1200	2500
1000	50E	1200	3000
1500	65E	2500	NA
2000	125E	3000	NA
2500	150E	4000	NA
3000	200E	4500	NA
3750	250E	6000	NA

	GREENWICH ENGINEERING, LLC <i>Consulting & Engineering Services</i> 124 WEST PUTNAM AVENUE GREENWICH, CT 06830 USA		DESIGNED BY: DATE: SCALE: N.Y. 05/05/2005 NTS PROJECT: ELECTRICAL MASTER PLAN DESIGN STANDARD		
			REFERENCE GE-SKE-S	SUNYA-DS-003	SHEET 3 OF 3



METERING, MONITORING & DATA LOGGING



POWERLOGIC® Series 3000 Circuit Monitor

This standard is not meant to exclude manufacturers who can meet or exceed the minimum requirements set herein. See approved manufacturers section.



Capabilities

POWERLOGIC: Monitoring & Matering Device Selection

Monitoring & Metering Device Selection Guide

NOT USED AT SUNY-A **Circuit Monitors** Power Meters Sub Metering NOT USED AT SUNY-A Multi-Circuit Enercept Energy CM4000T CM4000 CM3350 PM850 PM820 Meter B/E Meter B/E Monitor Alarming Alarm Summary ** Alarm Selpoint Learning . Transient (1µs) Waveshape Alarms (Voltage & Current) Disturbance (10ms) Cycle by Cycle Event Recording High Speed (100ms) Digital Inputs/Outputs Boolean Logic Setpoint-Driven Alarms V.I.KVA V,KW,KVA,I,PF,KVAR Power Quality Disturbance Direction Detection * EN50160 Pass/Fail Summary Flicker IEC61000-4-15 Sag/Swell Metering ITIC/SEMI F47/NEMA MG-1-1998 Opt Opt Opt Harmonic Power Flows Harmonic Resolution 255th 255th 63rd 63rd 63rd 63rd 63rd 63rd 63rd 31st Individual Harmonic Readings, V & I Communications Onboard Ethernet w/ECC21 w/ECC21 w/ECC21 Opt** Opt** Infrared Port w/CMDVF w/CMDVF #/CMDVF 1/ -/-**RS-485** Opt RS-232 1/0 Time Stamping Accuracy 1 ms 1 ms 1 ms 1 sec 1 sec Analog Inputs/Outputs, (Maximum) (4) (4) (4)* (4)* (4)* KYZ / KY Output /= Digital Inputs/Outputs, (Maximum) (24) (24) (8) (9)* (9)* Metering Characteristics Sampling Rate, Samples/ 83 333/512 512 128 128 128 21 Cycle on 60Hz 0.04% 0.04% 0.075% 0.075% 0.075% 1% 1% 1% Accuracy of Voltage/Current reading Vollage Input Range VAC 35-600 35-600 35-600 35-600 35-600 480/480 240/480 120-480 Current Input Range AC, STD 0-10(15A) 0-10(15A) 0-10 (100) 0-10 (100) 0-10 0-5 (Maximum) Control Power (Voltage Range) VAC 90-457 90-457 120-480 120/120-277 90-305 90-305 90-305 90-132 VDC 100-300 100-300 100-300 100-300 100-300 Standards Compliance Accuracy IEC Class 0.2 0.2 0.55 0.55 0.55 Accuracy ANSI Class 12.20 12.20 12.20 12.20 12.16 12.20 Other Onboard HTML Web Page server W/ECC21 w/ECC21 w/ECC21 Email on Alarm * w/ECC21 W/ECC21 W/ECC21 Programmable Math and Logic Functions Register Based Event Log . Downloadable Firmware Panel Mounting DIN Bail Mounling -Multiple Device Metering

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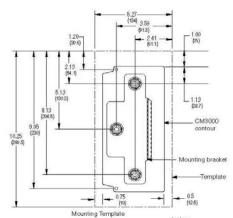
POWERLOGIC:

Monitoring & Metering Device Selection Guide

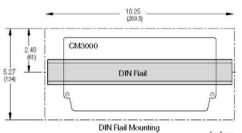
	Circuit Monitor	Power Meters		
	CM3350	PM850	PM820	
Basic Instrumentation				
THD, Voltage and Current per phase				
Min/Max Readings I, V, F, PF, THD, TOTAL KW & KVAR				
Predicted Real/Reactive/Apparent Power Demand 3		-		
phase total				
Reactive & Apparent Power Demand, Present & Peak Real, Reactive, Apparent Power, per phase		-		
Frequency				
Reactive Energy (kVARh) & Apparent Energy (kVAh)		-		
Real & Reactive Energy IN & OUT (kWh) (kVARh)	-		-	
Real Energy (kWh)				
Real Power Demand, Peak				
Real Power Demand, Present			-	
Real Power, 3 phase total (kW)				
Reactive Power, 3 phase total (kVAR & kVA)			-	
Power Factor, per phase & 3 phase total		-		
Voltage, per phase (L-L, L-N), 3 phase average			-	
Current Demand, Max., neutral		-		
Current Demand, Max., per phase				
Current, neutral		-		
Current, neutral Current, per phase, 3 phase average		-		
Advanced Instrumentation	_	_	_	
Trending and Forecasting				
Fundamental Voltage/Current Magnitudes & Ang.		_	_	
per phase	-	-	-	
Fundamental Real & Reactive Power, 3 phase, per phase				
Incremental Real/Reactive/Apparent Energy IN & OUT,			-	
3 phase total	_	-	-	
Voltage N-G	_	-		
Current, Ground		_	_	
Logging				
Memory (standard/optional)	8MB	800kb	80kb	
Energy Summary **		_		
Interval Min/Max/Avg Log				
Alarm/Event Log				
Billing Log				
Maintenance Log				
Min/Max Log				
Time Synchronization				
GPS Clock Synchronization Capability	-			
Demand Synchronization (clock, comms, input)				
Block Interval Demand				
Event Recording				
Adaptive Waveform Capture				
100ms Event Recordings				
Disturbance Waveform Capture				
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Steady State Waveform Capture				



SQUARE D Schneider Electric MODIFIED BY GREENWICH ENGINEERING







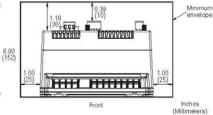


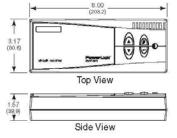


5.27 (134)

0.39 (10)

89999





in. (mm)

Feature Summary	CM3350
Basic Instrumentation	1946
(Current&Voltage/Phase, Current Demand, Power(kW,kVAR,kVA),K-Factor, Energy(kWH,kVARh,kVAh), Power Factor, Current&Voltage THD, Min/Max Readings	-
Advanced Instrumentation	30 - 10
Current - G, Demand Voltage, 3-ph. Incremental Energy, Fundamental Current/Voltage/Power, Phase Rotation	-
Logging Moment (Standard (Ontional)	OMD
Memory (Standard / Optional)	8MB
Alarm / Event Log	
Maintenance Log Min / Max Average Log	-
Interval Min / Max Log	-
Trending / Forecasting	-
Time Synchronization	
Comms. Clock Synchronization	×
GPS Clock Synchronization	Option
Alarming	
Setpoint-Driven Alarms	¥
Boolean Alarms	
Custom Alarms with Priority Levels	¥
High Speed (100ms)	~
Multiple Level Alarming	¥
Disturbance (1/2 cycle)	×
Power Quality	
Sag / Swell Monitoring	
Harmonic Resolution	63rd
Communications	
RS-485 Port Speed	38.4k
Onboard Ethernet Speed	10/100MB
Onboard HTML Web Pages	v
Display	Option
Input/Output	
KYZ output	*
Digtal I/O (available on unit)-optional	8
Event Capture	
WFC Steady State WFC Disturbance	
100 ms Event Recording	
Metering Characteristics	
Sampling Rate (Samples/Cycle)	128
Specifications	1 120
Voltage Input-Nominal full scale (Vac)	347 L-N
Control Voltage Range DC	100 V
Control Voltage Range (Vac)	90-305 V
Current Inputs Range	0-10A
Accuracy IEC 60687 dass	0.5 S
Accuracy ANSI	12.2
DIN Rail Mountable	× .

Ordering Information

Part (Type)	Description
CM3350	Circuit Monitor, same features as CM3250 with disturbance monitoring
CMDVF	4-line x 20 character Vacuum Fluorescent Display with IR port
ECC21	Ethernet Communication Card w/HTML capabilities
I0C44	Field installable I/O card with 4 inputs, 3-relay outputs, 1 pulse output
CM3MA	Bracket adapter-back to back display/meter mounting or CM2 series retrofits
CM3LA	L-Mounting bracket adapter

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Critical Characteristics:

- 1. New meters shall be compatible with the existing meters already installed at the uptown campus under SUCF Project № 37011
- 2. New meters shall be compatible with Square D power logic software; such that all variables monitored can be logged and read at the existing monitoring station in the control room of the heating plant at the uptown campus.
- 3. For all the variables monitored, see the previous pages.
- 4. All new and existing software shall be routinely updated and upgraded as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 5. All meters installed at the main feeders (13.8kV) or at the main buildings service, shall meet or exceed the accuracy requirements of the utility (NIMO) revenue metering and ANSI standard C12.20

DIRECTIVE 16-7

Issue date: January 2003

CAMPUS ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

- 1. General: This Directive has been developed to serve as a standard for the various components of the Campus electric distribution system.
- 2. Policy
 - a. The Campus electric distribution system shall be designed and specified to provide for a high degree of reliability, safety, and continuity of service. Special design features such as dual selective feeders or double-ended switchgear shall be provided when required by the Campus Master Plan and/or the Project Program.
 - b. All projects to modify a Campus electric distribution system must be designed to provide equal or better reliability than the original system.
 - c. Grounded systems are preferred because of the ability to coordinate clearing of ground faults.
 - d. Working in live manholes is prohibited.
- 3. Design and Performance Criteria (Over 600 Volts)
 - a. Cable Construction
 - (1) Single conductor, EPR (Ethylene-propylene-rubber) or Kerite insulated, shielded power cables for use at conductor temperatures of 105°C for continuous normal operation, 140°C for emergency overload conditions, and 250°C for short-circuit conditions. Cross-linked polyethylene insulation or lead shall not be used.
 - (a) AEIC CS6 for Ethylene Propylene Rubber Insulated Shielded Power Cables (does not apply to Kerite).
 - (b) ICEA Publications S-93-639 and S-97-682 and NEMA Publication WC74 for Ethylene-propylene-rubber insulated wire and cable.
 - (c) UL Standard 1072 for Type MV 105.

- (2) Conductor: Uncoated copper, Class B Stranded per ASTM B-8 or Part 2 of ICEA. Aluminum conductors permitted only at SUNY/Buffalo – Amherst.
- (3) Conductor size: No. 6 AWG minimum. 500 kcmil maximum except 750 kcmil maximum at Stony Brook Health Science Center.
- (4) Conductor shielding: An extruded semi-conducting material must be imposed between conductors and insulation. Shield shall meet or exceed electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-97-682, AEIC CS6, and UL 1072.
- (5) EPR or Kerite insulation over conductor shielding. EPR insulation shall meet or exceed electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-97-682, AEIC CS6, and UL 1072.
- (6) Insulation shield: Extruded semi-conducting thermosetting compound applied over the insulation. Shield shall meet or exceed the electrical and physical requirements of ICEA S-97-682, AEIC CS6, and UL 1072. The shield shall be free-stripping, leaving no residue on the insulation surface.
- (7) Copper tape shield: Helically applied, 5 mil uncoated copper shielding tape with a minimum 12.5% lap applied directly over extruded insulation shield. This shield should not be utilized for unbalanced current in Wye-Wye systems or ground fault currents in excess of the ampacity of the shield times three (3) without a supplemental ground return path. Concentric URD cables are not acceptable.
- (8) A polyvinyl chloride jacket shall be applied overall.
- Cables shall be manufactured and tested under a quality assurance program that meets the requirements of Section 10 CFR50, Appendix B, of the Federal Register as defined in ANSI N45.2.
- (10) All cable shall be identified by means of surface ink printing indicating manufacturer, size, insulation type, insulation thickness, voltage rating, insulation level, year of manufacture, and UL designations.
- (11) Certified Test Reports may be required.

b. Cable Insulation Rating: Cable minimum insulation ratings shall be based on the following:

<u>Rating</u>	Nominal		
System Voltage			
5 kV	2400 V	ung	
5 kV	4160 V	gro	
5 kV	4160 V, 4800 V	ung	
15 kV	12.47 kV, 13.2 kV, 13.8 kV	gro	
15 kV	12.47 kV, 13.2 kV, 13.8 kV	ūng	
25 kV	23 kV	gro	
25 kV	23 kV	ūng	
35 kV	34.5/19.9 kV	gro	

System Grounding ungrounded, grounded grounded grounded grounded ungrounded grounded ungrounded grounded Insulation 133%, nominal 133%, nominal 100%, nominal 133%, nominal 133%, nominal 133%, nominal 133%, nominal 100%, nominal

^{*} Grounded system cable insulation ratings assume ground fault clearing times of less than 1 minute. If ground fault protection cannot clear ground faults in less than 1 minute, cable insulation ratings should be based on an ungrounded system.

- c. Cable Installation
 - (1) Use pulling eye attached to conductors.
 - (2) Manufacturer's maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded. Fund representative shall monitor dynamometer.
 - (3) A grounding conductor shall be provided in each duct to serve as a ground return path
 - (4) Arc-proofing: Show on drawings the extent of arc-proofing. Provide in all manholes and inside buildings where cables are run exposed.
- d. Cable Testing
 - (1) DC high potential testing to be provided by an independent, NETA certified testing firm.
 - (2) Do not test existing cable.
 - (3) Use manufacturer recommended test voltages.
 - (4) Test ground back to source.

- (5) Test phase rotation and sequencing for closed transition switching applications.
- e. Warranty
 - (1) The cable manufacturer shall warrantee their cable for defects in manufacturer or design for 30 years from the time of energization.
 - (2) Circuit protection shall be submitted to cable manufacturer to verify that cable is properly protected.
- f. Manufacturers: Consultant shall investigate manufacturers for inclusion in the specifications and be prepared to submit background data that qualifies each manufacturer specified. A minimum of three (3) manufacturers should be listed.
- g. Identification
 - (1) All new underground circuitry shall include the installation of a metalliclined, plastic underground marker tape. The tape shall be buried directly above the ductbank and contain the printed name repeated continuously along its length.
 - (2) Engraved nameplates: Provide at manholes and terminations. Include manufacturer, size, insulation type, conductor type, insulation thickness, voltage rating, insulation level, year of installation, and feeder designation.
 - (3) Identify rooms with services over 600 Volts with "Danger High Voltage Keep Out" warning signs.
- h. Delivery and Storage
 - (1) No cable over one year old, when delivered to site, shall be used.
 - (2) Store at optimum temperature for installation in dry location. Seal cable ends against moisture.
- i. Splices, Terminations, and Splicers
 - (1) Premolded preferred.
 - (2) Splicers experienced in splices used. Resume and certification to be submitted.

- (3) Extent of arc-proofing to be shown.
- (4) Ground shield at splice.
- (5) Provide fault indicators at each splice.
- j. Procedure for Splicing in Electric Power Manholes
 - (1) Comply with OHSA standards and regulations.
 - (2) Open and lock out all building transformer primary switches on the feeder to be spliced and verify, visually, that the switches have been cleared.
 - (3) In the main substation, shut down and lock out all feeders in the manhole. If in doubt, shut down and lock out all feeders to the Campus. Except in situations where it is not possible coordinate with SUCF Design & Construction Coordinators.
 - (4) Ground all phases of each feeder.
 - (5) When safe, remove grounds and verify with a meggar that all switches have cleared.
 - (6) Restore the grounds.
 - (7) In the manhole, identify the feeder to be spliced and cut it open. Ground all phases each end.
 - (8) In the main substation, identify the switch serving the cut cable.
 - (9) Provide mechanical protection and electrical insulation on remaining feeders in the manhole.
 - (10) Re-energize the remaining feeders.
 - (11) Prepare and splice the cable.
- k. Ductbank and Manhole Design
 - (1) Size: Manholes must be adequate for new and future work and for safe clearances for working. Duct size to avoid "jam ratio" for three-conductor feeders. (NEC Ch. 9 Notes to Tables, Note 10.)

- (2) Duct Shear: Provide duct reinforcement into manhole and building walls to prevent shearing at manhole and building entrances.
- (3) Existing Raceway: Prior to bidding, existing spare unused raceway is to be cleaned and mandrelled. Existing conduit is also to be mandrelled by the contractor installing the new cable.
- (4) Existing Manholes: Consultant shall survey existing manholes, take photographs, and prepare a report for SUCF. The report should note dimensions, duct arrangements, and describe grounding, splice, arc-proofing, duct bank shear, racking, and drainage conditions. The report should also identify any other equipment located within the manhole and provide photographs taken. Rehabilitation of detrimental existing conditions shall be included in the project scope.
- (5) Where ducts cross or are close to steam or hot water pipes, the duct shall be insulated to mitigate thermal conditions beyond the cable safe operating temperature range.
- (6) The Consultant shall update the campus one-line power distribution diagram at the completion of the modifications.

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