

# Degeneracy Loci + Schubert Polynomials

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AMS

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Old Type A Given vector bundles  
(or vs with weights)

$$F_1 \subset F_2 \subset \dots \subset F_q \subset \dots \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow E_p \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow B_1$$

rks subscripts w permutation

$$\Omega_w: \text{rk}(F_q \rightarrow E_p) \leq \#\{a \leq p \mid w(a) \leq q\}$$

$$[\Omega_w] = \sigma_w(x, y) \text{ is } \mathbb{Z}[\mathbb{Z}[x, y]] \text{ (usual meaning)}$$

Type B  $V$  vs  $d$  odd rank with  
quad form,  $E_1, F_1$  complete flags of  
subbundles.

(B, M, N)

$$\dots \subset E_2 \subset E_1 \subset E_0 = E_1^\perp \subset E_{-1} \subset \dots \subset V \text{ (F, S, M)}$$

$$\text{rk } E_p = \text{rk } E_0 - p \text{ w signed permutation}$$

$$\Omega_w := d \cap E_p \cap F_q \geq \#\{a \leq p \mid (-w(a)) \geq q\}$$

$$[\Omega_w] = S_w^B \in \Gamma[x, y]$$

$\Gamma = \text{poly in } p_i$ 's, basis  $Pf_\lambda(p)$ .

Uses  $c_k(V - E_0 - F_1)$  and  $x$ 's +  $y$ 's.

Richer! Why? More stable:

rank of bundles not specified!



## New Type A

$$C \subset F_0 \subset \dots \subset F_0 \subset \dots \subset V \rightarrow U \xrightarrow{\#} \dots \xrightarrow{\#} E_0 \xrightarrow{\#} \dots \xrightarrow{\#} E_p \xrightarrow{\#} \dots$$

$$\text{rk } F_0 = \text{rk } E_0$$

$$\text{rk } F_q = \text{rk } F_0 - q \quad \text{rk } E_p = \text{rk } E_0 - p$$

w permutation (in  $S_{\mathbb{Z}}$ )

$$\Omega_w \text{ dim ker } F_q \rightarrow E_p \approx \# \{a \leq p \mid w(a) > q\}$$

Thm  $\exists!$   $S_w(c, x, y) \in \Lambda[x, y]$ ,  $\Lambda = \mathbb{Z}\langle c_1, c_2, \dots \rangle$

$$\text{so } [\Omega_w] = S_w(c, x, y) \quad \text{by}$$

$$c_n \mapsto c_n (E_0 - F_0)$$

$$x_p \mapsto -c_p (\text{ker}(E_{p-1} \rightarrow E_p))$$

$$y_q \mapsto c_q (F_{q-1} - F_q)$$

Pf Bud-F 1995!

Properties (all of them)

$$S_w(0, x, y) = \Omega_w(x, -y) \quad w \vdash S_{\infty}$$

$$S_{w^{-1}}(c, x, y) = \Omega_w(c^*, y, x) \quad (\text{take dual})$$

$$S_{\delta^m w}(c, x, y) = \delta^m \Omega_w(c, x, y) \quad \text{back-stable}$$

$$\delta^m w(m+i) = m + w(i) \quad (\delta^m x)_i = x_{m+i}, \dots$$

$$\delta^m c = c \cdot \prod_{i=1}^m \frac{1+g_i t}{1-x_i t} \quad c = \sum a_i t^i$$

In fact  $S_w \mapsto \Omega_w$  is d LLS (of  $\beta$  or  $K_n$ )

• Difference ops

$$S_w(c, 0, 0) = F_w \quad \text{Stanley}$$



$$S_u S_v = \sum c_{uv}^w S_w \quad c_{uv}^w \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0} \quad [y_i - y_j] \text{ (Graham)}$$

Det formulas for  $w$  resulting ( )

or 321-avoiding ( ) (2143-avoiding)

These are irreducible

both Det  $(c(k, l)_{n+l-k})$

Localization formulas

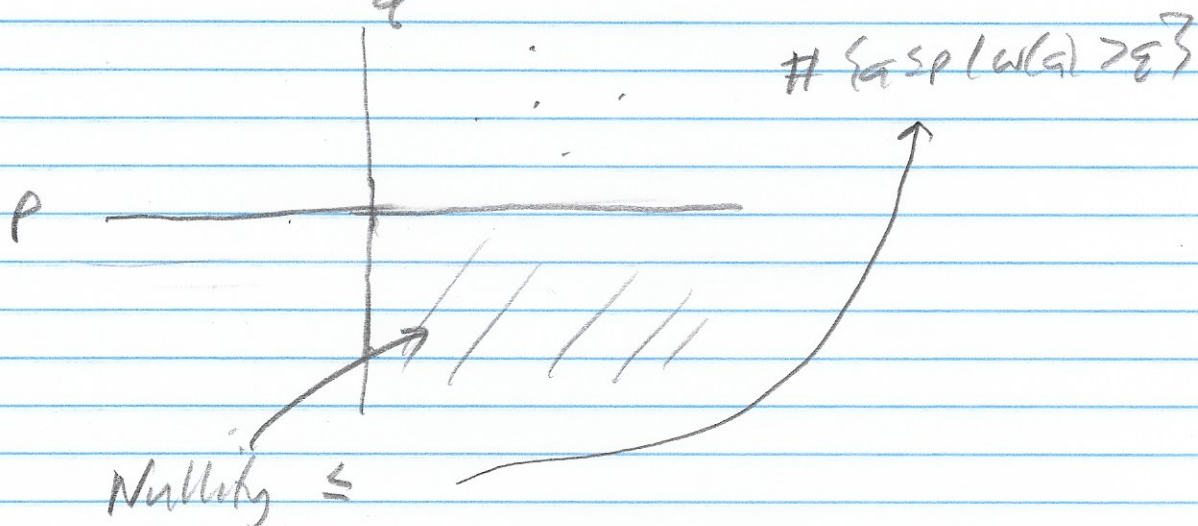
Type A B C

New Matrix Sch Vars

$$A = (a_{ij})$$

$$wt a_{ij} = -x_i - y_j$$

$w$  perm.



Nullity of  $m \times n$  is  $\dim \ker K^n \rightarrow K^m$