APHY 477 / 477y / 577 LECTURE 03: RANDOM NUMBER PRODUCTION

## Introductory Basics, First Examples

o https://www.albany.edu/physics/phy577/ randomNumbers.cpp (wrapping it up)

- On board: how to generate any random number from uniform 0-1, and any shape of Gaussian
- https://cplusplus.com/reference/random/ Beware of integers versus floating point numbers, and of unphysical solutions (negatives, some things that can't be zero, fractional?)


## What is the Drake Equation?

## https://www.seti.org/sites/default/files/inline-images/drake-equation-1600px.jpg

Multiple Ns: can mean multiple gảlaxies in universe, or multiple versions of OUR galaxy.

Note that there is a lot less BS in this formula these days.

$$
\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{R}_{*} \times \mathrm{f}_{p} \times
$$

The number of technologically advanced civilizations in the Milky Way galaxy

The rate of formation of stars in the galaxy

The fraction of those stars with planetary systems


The number of habitable planets in a given volume of the universe
$\mathrm{n}_{c} \times \mathrm{f}_{c} \times \mathrm{f}_{i} \times \mathrm{f}_{c} \times \mathrm{L}$

The number of planets, per solar system. with an environment suitable for life

The fraction of suitable planets on which life actually appears

The fraction of life-bearing planets on which intelligent life emerges

The fraction of civilizations that develop a technology that releases detectable signs of their existence into space

The length of time such civilizations release detectable signals into space



The likelihood of a technological species arisin on one of these planets

If N large. Fermi Paradox then. Where is everyone??
o Study the Drake Equation from astronomy (HW)

- You will make ~decent guesses as to mean and width and shape for a statistical distribution for each of the parameters within the equation and justify your choices (good references do exist)
- possible "shapes" include Gaussian, skew, truncated Gaussian, Poisson, exponential, power, flat (uniform), and constant. There are NO "perfect" answers!
- You'll make a histogram of the probability density of results after $O(100,000)$ runs of code
- Determine the min, max, mean, median, mode (peak), RMS, width (quote the variance), skewness
- Validation of your result - is the shape of it right?


## Why Now?

o One reason we are doing this is because of the 2004 naval Nimitz incident (in addition: I often teach the introductory astronomy course here :)

- https://www.nytimes.com/2017/12/16/us/politics/pentagon-program-ufo-harry-reid.html (there were other incidents)
- I should also mention the crazy story of a 5-year-old FOIA request to the DIA about crashed UFO parts
- https://therooster.com/articles/off-world-updates-responding-to-ufo-info-request-pentagon-declassifies-five-mind-bending-reports-on-metamaterials-aerospace


## Some Checking

O https://www.lesswrong.com/posts/ MdGp3vs2butANB7zX/the-fermi-paradox-what-did-sandberg-drexler-and-ord-really
o The Drake equation is quite old (1961)
o Some formulae, more modern, slightly more complicated, which do take more variables into account, do exist

## The 3-Door Monty Hall Problem!

- Also known as the gameshow host paradox
- Who's already heard of this, knows the solution?
o https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=LeV013jrP30
- Writing python code from scratch in video
o Let's play it out on the board together first
- Then
https://www.albany.edu/physics/phy577/ MontyHall.cpp


## Just like my Monty Hall example:

- A similar but different puzzle with a non-intuitive answer. The Boy vs. Girl Paradox
- For background, explanatory reading see
o https://iakubmarian.com/the-day-of-the-week-boy-or-girl-paradox-explained/
- https://www.jesperiuul.net/ludologist/2010/06/08/ tuesday-changes-everything-a-mathematical-puzzle/
- $1 / 3$ and $13 / 27$ probability cases
- Convergence to $1 / 2$ with addition of more information


## For HW \#2 (2024) due Th Feb. 8th

- "Solve" the Drake Equation (1 plot). \# of civs
o Bonus: Modify eq. to make "better" -w/ ref(s)

