

in ictu oculi: Exposing DeepFake Videos by Detecting Eye Blinking

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What is DeepFake?





















The DeepFakes Horror



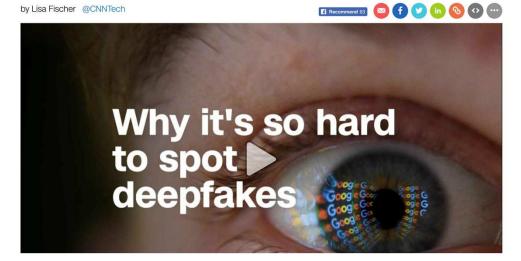
MOTHERBOARD

Someone used an algorithm to paste the face of 'Wonder Woman' star Gal Gadot onto a porn video, and the implications are terrifying.

DEEPFAKES | By Samantha Cole | Dec 11 2017, 2:18pm









Deepfake technology could create huge potential for social unrest and even trigger wars

The only way to counteract the threat of deepfakes is to rely on the evidence of our own direct experience or authoritative proven sources, writes Rashmee Roshan Lall

















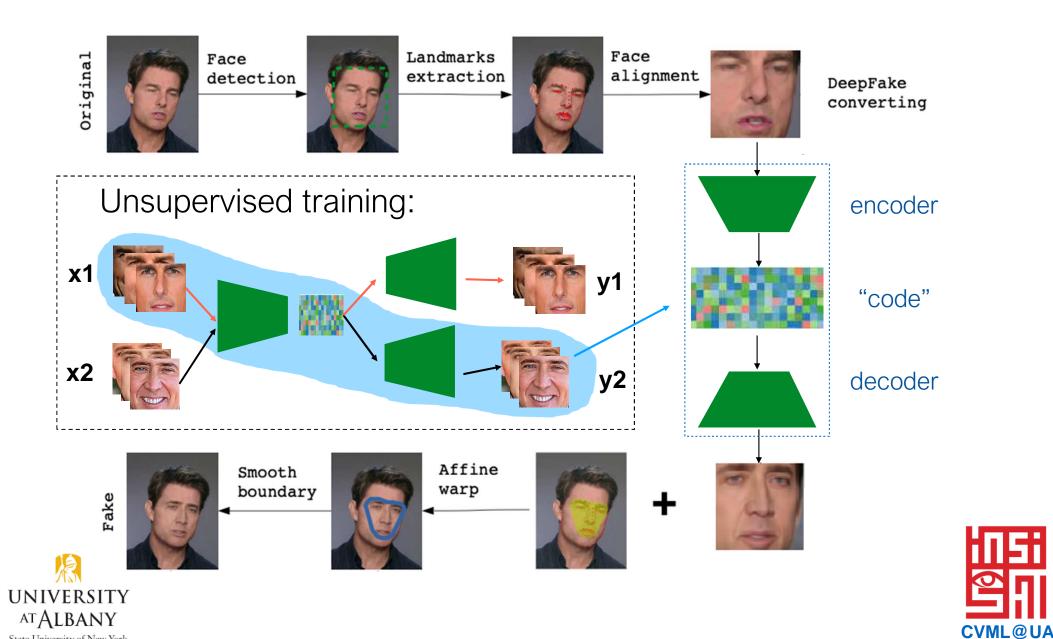


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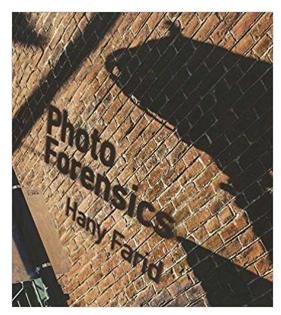
How DeepFake works?

State University of New York



Why not use traditional forensic methods?

- Traditional forensic methods
 - Signal based: JPEG, CFA, PRNU
 - Physics based: lighting, shadow, reflection
 - Semantic based: where, when, who
- These methods may not be the best solution for detecting AI generated fake videos.



MIT Press, 2016





Other works

- [1] exploited the color disparity between GAN generated images and real images.
- [2] trained a convolutional neural networks to directly classify real faces and fake faces.

[1] Haodong Li, Bin Li, Shunquan Tan, and Jiwu Huang, "Detection of deep network generated images using disparities in color components," arXiv preprint arXiv:1808.07276, 2018.

[2] Darius Afchar, Vincent Nozick, Junichi Yamagishi, and Isao Echizen, "Mesonet: a compact facial video forgery detection network," in IEEE International Workshop on Information Forensics and Security (WIFS), 2018





How to spot a DeepFake?

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Real videos



DeepFake synthesized Faces do not blink!

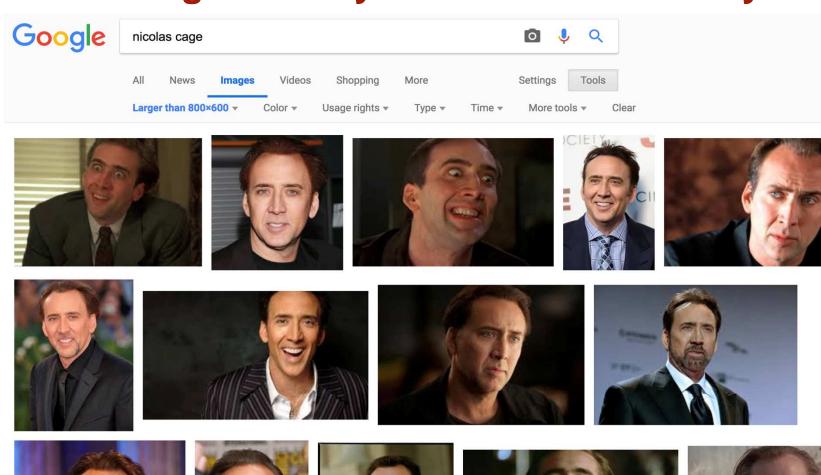
DeepFake videos





Why no blinking?

reason: training data may not include closed eyes















Detecting blinking with ML algorithm

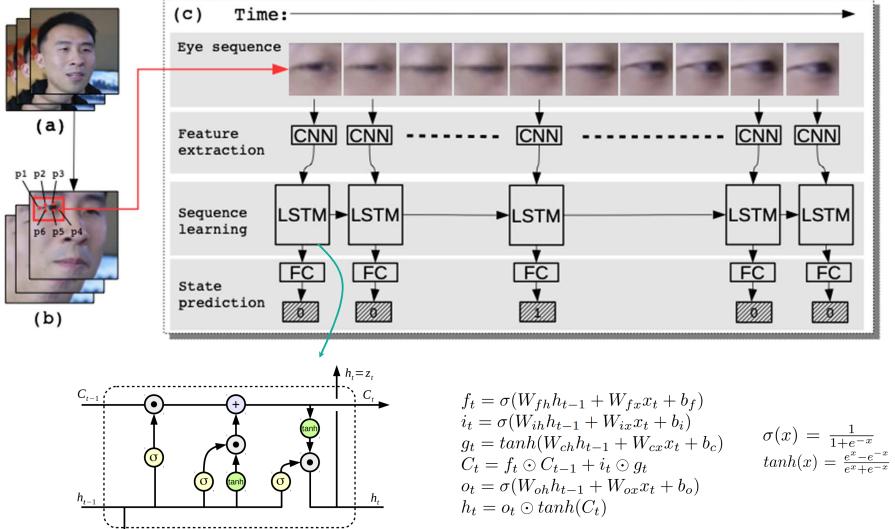
- Train a Long term Recurrent CNN (LRCN) [3] model to detect open/closed eye
- Apply this model to estimate blinking rate in a video to determine its authenticity

[3] J. Donahue, L. Anne Hendricks, S. Guadarrama, M. Rohrbach, S. Venugopalan, K. Saenko, and T. Darrell. Long-term recurrent convolutional networks for visual recognition and description. In CVPR, pages 2625–2634, 2015





The pipeline of our method





[4] S. Hochreiter and J. Schmidhuber. Long short-term memory. Neural Comput., 9(8):1735–1780, 1997



Training LRCN

- 1. Data preparation
- 50 videos downloaded from Internet and annotate eye state



2. Training CNN

Input size: 224x224

Batch size: 16

Learning rate: 0.01

Decay: 0.9

Optimizer: SGD

Epoch: 100

3. Training LRCN jointly

Input size: 224x224xN

Batch size: 4

Learning rate: 0.01

Decay: 0.9

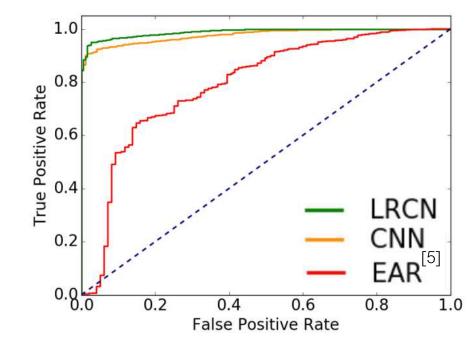
Optimizer: ADAM

Epoch: 100





The performance of LRCN



| Video | Average video length | FPS | Rate of blinks |
|--------|----------------------|-----|-------------------|
| Origin | 10 seconds | 30 | 34.1 / min |
| Fake | 10 seconds | 30 | 3.4 / min |

The blinking rate of normal human is set to 10/min [6]

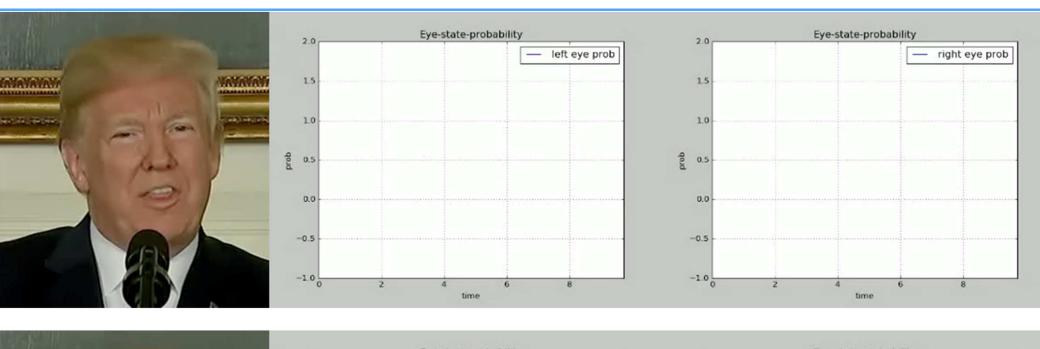


[5] T. Soukupova and J. Cech. Real-time eye blink detection using facial landmarks. In 21st Computer Vision Winter Workshop, pages 1–8, 2016

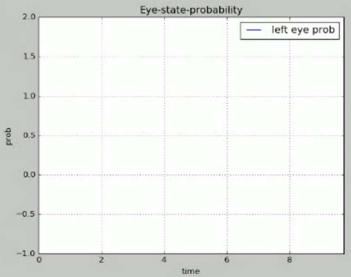


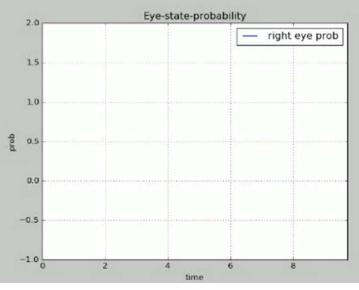


Spot a DeepFake in ictu oculi

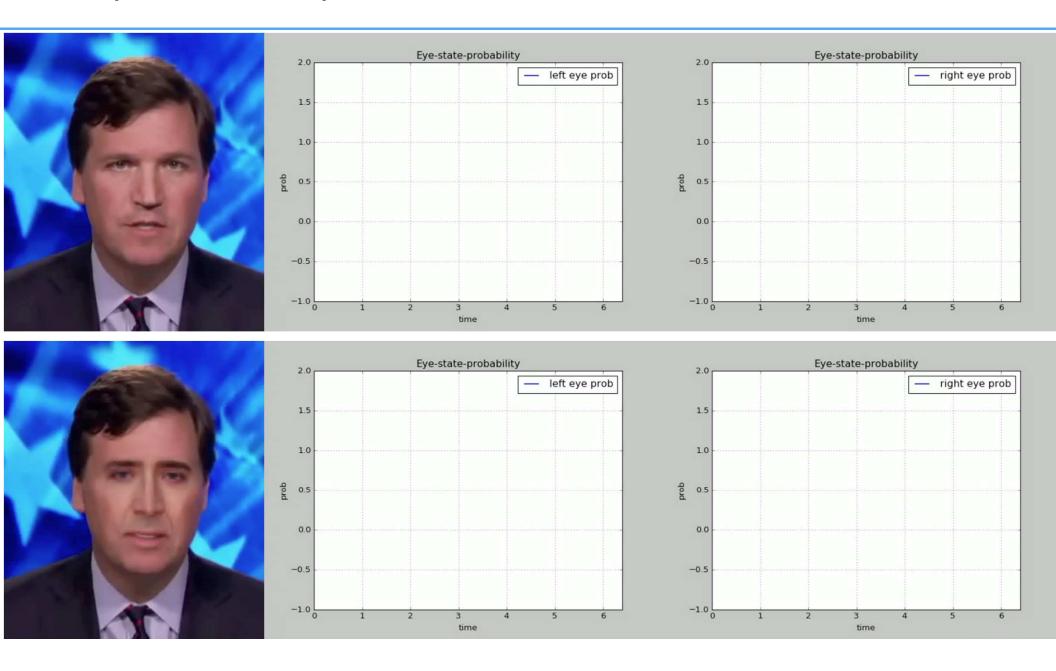








Spot a DeepFake in ictu oculi



Is this the end of DeepFake?

Forgery technology catches up quickly

 e.g., blinking can be fixed with using video frames as training data





 Despite this, our discovery can still increase the difficulties of DeepFake video generation. Now we are developing more effective method to expose the fake videos



Summary

- Technologies for creating DeepFake videos advance rapidly and can cause serious impacts to society
- Digital media forensics are catching up to control the negative effects of DeepFake videos
- The rivalry between forgeries and forensics will continue for coming years







Thank you for your attention!

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