#### COLLEGE OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATION DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION STUDIES

# **IIST 433-1 Information Storage and Retrieval** Fall 2008 Room: SS 134

#### Instructor:

Alon Friedman, PhD E-mail: <u>af534922@albany.edu</u> Office Hours: Tuesdays 1:15pm to 2:00pm and on Thursdays between 2:10 to 3:30 in Room: LI-72, otherwise via email only Class Hours: Thursdays 2:00pm to 5:30pm in Room # 134

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course will introduce the student to the fundamentals of information storage and retrieval (ISR) systems, including components, models, structures, information representation, vocabulary control, search strategies (query language/operation, indexing and search), User interface and visualization and User dimension and evaluation. We will also cover some practical information retrieval (IR) systems on the Web and for the libraries. A good familiarity with computers and some programming experience is highly desirable but not necessary.

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify the various components of an information storage and retrieval system.
- To become familiar with different models and structures an IR system may take.
- To understand the theoretical foundations of various IR methods.
- To be able to design and implement IR systems using off-the-shelf software packages.
- To examine the factors that influences the performance of an IR system.
- To be aware of the current research in the field and on the Web.

### **TEXTBOOKS**:

1. Heting Chu. *Information Representation and retrieval in the digital age*. Medford, NJ: Information Today Press 2003. (ASIS&T monograph Series).

2. Charles T. Meadow, Bert R. Boyce, Donald H. Kraft, Carol L Barry. *Text Information Retrieval Systems*. Third Edition (Library and Information Science) (Library and Information Science). Academic Press 2007-01-23. ISBN: 0123694124/ 0-12-369412-4

## **CLASS MEETING:**

The course will meet once a week for 13 weeks. As a result, the students are requested to attend every single class.

# **CLASS ATTENDANCE:**

Attendance will be taken each class. Students need to attend class. In the unavoidable event of an absence, students should make arrangements with other students to pick up class notes and assignments. The instructor will allow time the first meeting of class to find study partners. Students who miss more than two classes will have their final grade dropped by 15 points.

### **READING:**

Students are expected to read the assignments before upcoming classes.

### **ASSIGNMENTS:**

All work is due at the time assigned on each homework assignment and will have the grade reduced by 5 points if no <u>previous</u> permission for lateness was obtained from the instructor. Groups of individuals may work on the problem sets, but each individual must hand in a completed assignment.

### **PROJECT(S)**:

Each student in the class will submit three projects: (1) Use a conventional database software package (e.g., Microsoft Access, EndNote, ProCite, etc.) to design and implement an IR system consisting of about 50 records, on a topic of your choice (e.g., Music, Books, Staples etc.). (2) Create a website that will support your database file and provide the ability to search. (3). Evaluation of an ISR system. Dates for submission are marked on the class schedule.

### FINAL EXAM:

The final exams must be taken when scheduled! If an exam is missed, a grade of zero (0) will be recorded. If a student has a valid excuse or has notified the professor <u>in advance</u> of the absence the exam may be made up.

### **INCOMPLETES**:

Students who do not turn their final projects in on time should expect their grades will be reduced by 25%. Late homework assignments lose 5 points at the discretion of the professor.

### PLAGIARISM AND CHEATING:

Due to the intensive nature of this course, students are encouraged to form study groups and to work together on assignments. Learn by interacting with one another—support and help one another. However, unannounced quizzes will clearly be expected to reflect individual effort—you are expected to neither give nor receive assistance from anyone. As a policy for this course, plagiarism, self-plagiarism or cheating will result in a failing grade for the course. High standards of academic honesty will be upheld in this class at all times. Plagiarism (in writing or code) will result in a zero for the assignment in which the plagiarism occurred, a zero for the course and a referral to the Dean of Undergraduate Studies. After two referrals to the Dean's office for plagiarism, students are automatically referred to the Office of Judicial Affairs.

### **CLASS COMFORT:**

Please turn off your cell phone. If absolutely necessary leave it on, but exit the room as quietly as possible.

### **GRADING:**

Tasks	Percentage
1. Assignments	20%
2. Three Projects	30%
3. Unannounced	20%
Quizes	
3. Final Exam	30%

А	96-100
A-	90-95
B+	88-89
В	84-87
B-	80-83
C+	78-79
С	74-77
C-	70-73
D+	68-69
D	60-67
Е	Below 60

### CLASS SCHEDULE:

Date	Topics	Reference	Homework Assignments
Aug 28	Review Syllabus. Introduction:	Read: Meadow et. al:	Homework
	* What is information	Ch. 1	assignment will be
	* What is information explosion		given after each class
	and overload		
	* Pioneers and milestones in ISR		
Sept. 4	Basics of Information Storage and	Read: Meadow et. al:	Homework
	Retrieval:	Ch. 2	assignment will be
	* Key concepts of ISR	Chu: Ch. 1-2	given after each class
	* Components of an ISR system		
	* Types of ISR systems		
Sept. 9	Structure of ISR:	Read: Meadow et. al:	Homework

	* Record structure	Ch. 3-4, 6	assignment will be
	* File structure	Date. J.: An	given after each class
	* Sequential file	introduction to	8
	* Database structure	database systems. Ch.	
	** Hierarchical	1-2.	
	** Network		
	** Relational		
Sept 18	ISR representation:	Read: Meadow et al:	I Homework
Sept. 10	* What is information	Ch 3-4 and Chu: Ch	assignment will be
	representation	2-3	given after each class
	* What are information	23	II First Project is Due
	representation attributes and values		
	representation attributes and values		
Sept. 25	Language in ISR	Read: Meadow et. al.:	Homework
1	* Natural language vs. controlled	Ch. 5-7, 12 and Chu:	assignment will be
	vocabulary	Ch. 4	given after each class
	* Types of controlled vocabulary		C
	** Thesauri		
	** Subject heading		
	** Classification schemes		
Oct. 2	Retrieval Techniques and Query	Read: Meadow et. al.:	I. Homework
	representation	Ch. 7-9 and Chu: Ch.	assignment will be
	* Retrieval techniques	5	given after each class.
	** Query representation		II. Second Project is
	** Search techniques		Due
Oct. 9	Retrieval Approaches	Read: Meadow et. al.:	Homework
	* Retrieval by searching	Ch. 10-11 and Chu:	assignment will be
	* Retrieval by browsing	Ch. 6	given after each class
	* The hybrid approach		
	* The integrated approach		
Oct. 16	Information Retrieval Models	Read: Meadow et. al.:	Homework
	* Boolean logic	Ch. 12-13 and Chu:	assignment will be
	* Vector space	Ch. 7	given after each class
	* Probabilistic		
	* Extensions of major ISR models		
	* Web Search engine models		
Oct. 23	Retrieval of Information Unique in	Read: Meadow et. al.:	Homework
	Content and Format	Ch. 14-15 and Chu:	assignment will be
	* Multilingual information	Ch. 8-9	given after each class
	* Multimedia information		
	* Hypertext and hypermedia		
Nov. 30	IR Systems:	Read: Chu: Ch. 9	I. Homework
	* Library systems	plus Begum and	assignment will be
	* Computer systems	Ahmed (2001).	given after each class
	* CD-ROM systems		II. Third Project is
NT -	* Web and Internet systems		Due
Nov. 6	Trends in ISR	Read Chu: Ch. 10	Homework
	* Artificial Intelligence	plus Meadow et. al.:	assignment will be
	* Natural language processing	Ch. 15	given after each class.
1	* Expert Systems	1	

	* Semantic Web		
Nov. 13	The future of information retrieval		
Nov. 20	First review	Read: Chu Ch. 1-5 and Meadow et. al. 1- 4	
Nov.27	No class		
Dec. 4	Final Review	Read: Chu Ch. 6-10 and Meadow et. al. 5- 15	
Dec. 9	Reading day		
Dec. 13	FINAL EXAM		

### PARTIAL REFERENCE LIST:

Baeza-Yates, Ricardo, and Ribeiro-Neto, Berthier. (1999). *Modern information retrieval*. New York: ACM Book Press.

Begum, Suraiya and Ahmed, Zabed (2001). Development of Web-based IR Systems: A Review.

Information Society Today. <u>URL:http://www.infosciencetoday.org/ir.htm</u>

Chowdhury, Gobinda G. (2004). *Introduction to modern information retrieval*. London: Facet.

Date, J. C. 1986. An introduction to database systems: vol. I (4th ed.), Addison-Wesley Longman Publishing Co., Inc., Boston, MA

Harter, Stephen P. (1985). Online information retrieval: Concepts, principles, and techniques. New York: Academic Press.

Ingwersen, Peter, and Järvelin, Kalervo. (2005). *The turn: Integration of information seeking and retrieval in context*. Dordrecht: Springer.

Lancaster, F.W., and Warmer, Amy J. (1993). *Information retrieval today*. Arlington, VA: Information Resources Press

Karen Sparck Jones. (1999). The role of artificial intelligence in information retrieval. Journal of the American Society for Information Science. Volume 42 Issue 8, Pages 558 - 565

Marchionini, Gary. (1995). *Information seeking in electronic environments*. New York: Cambridge University Press. (Cambridge Series on Human-Computer Interaction 9).

Meadow, Charles T., Boyce, Bert R., and Kraft, Donald H. (1999). *Text information retrieval systems*. Orlando, FL: Academic Press.

Pao, Miranda Lee (1989). *Concepts of information retrieval*. Englewood, CO: Libraries Limited.

Berkeley Digital Library SunSITE. (1999). Guidelines for Web document style and design. <u>http://sunsite.berkeley.edu/Web/guidelines.html</u>.

Berners-Lee, Tim, Hendler, James, and Lassila, Ora. (May 2001). The Semantic Web. *Scientific American*, 40-43. Also available at <a href="http://www.sciam.com/article.cfm?articleID=00048144-10D2-1C70-84A9809EC588EF21&sc=1100322">http://www.sciam.com/article.cfm?articleID=00048144-10D2-1C70-84A9809EC588EF21&sc=1100322</a>.

Boston, Tony. (2005). Exposing the deep Web to increase access to library collections. Refereed paper at Ausweb 2005 Conference. http://ausweb.scu.edu.au/aw05/papers/refereed/boston/paper.html.

Brooks, Terrence A. (2003). Web search: How the Web has changed information retrieval. *Information Research*, 8(3), paper no. 154. <u>http://InformationR.net/ir/8-3/paper154.html</u>.

Bruce, Harry. (2005). Personal, anticipated information need. *Information Research*, 10(3), paper 232. <u>http://InformationR.net/ir/10-3/paper232.html</u>.

Downie, J. Stephen. (2003). Music information retrieval. Annual Review of Information Science and Technology, 37, 295-340. Also available from <u>http://music-ir.org/downie\_mir\_arist37.pdf</u>.

Hendler, James. (March 11, 1999). Is there an intelligent agent in your future? *Nature*, <u>http://www.nature.com/nature/webmatters/agents/agents.html</u>.

Nielsen, Jakob. (1996, Updated 2004). Top ten mistakes in Web design. http://www.useit.com/alertbox/9605.html .

Nielsen, Jakob. (1999a). "Top ten mistakes" revisited three years later. <u>http://www.useit.com/alertbox/990502.html</u>.

Nielsen, Jakob. (1999b). Top ten new mistakes of Web design. http://www.useit.com/alertbox/990530.html .

Nielsen, Jakob. (1999c). Ten good deeds in Web design. http://www.useit.com/alertbox/991003.html.

Nielsen, Jakob. (2002). Top ten Web-design mistakes in 2002. http://www.useit.com/alertbox/20021223.html.

Nielsen, Jakob. (2003). Top ten Web-design mistakes in 2003. http://www.useit.com/alertbox/20031222.html. Text Retrieval Conference (TREC). (On-going). <u>http://trec.nist.gov/</u>.

Svenonius, Elaine. (1990) Design of Controlled Vocabularies. in Encyclopedia of Library and Information Science, v. 45, sup. 10.

Future of information Retrieval discussion: http://technorati.com/videos/youtube.com%2Fwatch%3Fv%3DXpXtRu0XfeA