

Sourcebook of criminal justice statistics Online

<http://www.albany.edu/sourcebook/pdf/t5742004.pdf>

Table 5.74.2004

Arrests and convictions handled by the U.S. Postal Inspection Service

By type of offense, fiscal year 2004

Type of offense	Arrests	Convictions
Total	11,894	9,527
<u>Internal crime</u>		
Narcotics	24	19
Miscellaneous	63	53
<u>External crime</u>		
Burglary	119	121
Robbery	86	59
Assault	359	262
Miscellaneous	488	392
<u>Prohibited mailings</u>		
Pornography/obscenity	338	274
Controlled substances	1,724	1,272
Bombs, threats, hoaxes, and explosive devices	85	58
Hazardous material	28	25
Miscellaneous	142	98
<u>Revenue and Asset Protection Program</u>		
Financial and expenditure investigations	255	186
Workers' Compensation fraud	41	34
Revenue investigations	78	78
Mail fraud	1,446	1,245
Mail theft	6,618	5,351

Note: See Note, [table 5.73.2004](#). Internal crimes are those involving employees of the U.S. Postal Service and external crimes are those committed by individuals or groups outside the organization. Narcotics cases include both employees and non-employees selling narcotics on postal property. Miscellaneous internal crimes include theft of postal property and sabotage of equipment. Assault includes threats and assaults against on-duty postal employees. Miscellaneous external crimes include counterfeit and contraband postage, money order offenses, vandalism, and arson. Pornography/obscenity includes mailing of child pornography, obscenity, or sexually-oriented advertisements. Controlled substances include narcotics, steroids, drug-related proceeds, and drug paraphernalia. Hazardous material includes biological, chemical, nuclear, and radiological material. Miscellaneous prohibited mailings include firearms and weapons, intoxicants, extortion, and false documents.

The Revenue and Asset Protection Program (RAPP) was established in 1995 and combines portions of the audit and criminal investigation activities. The objective of RAPP is to give priority to the protection of postal revenue and assets. Activities include reviewing internal controls, examining unfavorable trends and significant variations in activity, and pursuing information received through financial audits, customer complaints, and anonymous tips.

Source: U.S. Postal Inspection Service, *2004 Annual Report of Investigations of the United States Postal Inspection Service* (Washington, DC: U.S. Postal Inspection Service, 2005), p. 56. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.