

Table 3.2.2006

**Estimated number and rate of violent and property victimization**

By type of crime, United States, 2006<sup>a</sup>

Type of crime	Number of victimizations	Victimization rate (per 1,000 persons age 12 and older or per 1,000 households)
All crimes	25,077,700	X
Violent crimes <sup>b</sup>	6,094,720	24.6
Rape/sexual assault	272,350	1.1
Robbery	711,570	2.9
Assault	5,110,810	20.7
Aggravated	1,354,750	5.5
Simple	3,756,060	15.2
Personal theft	174,150	0.7
Property crimes	18,808,820	159.5
Household burglary	3,539,760	30.0
Motor vehicle theft	993,910	8.4
Theft	14,275,150	121.0

Note: The National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS) is conducted annually for the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. These estimates are based on data derived from a continuous survey of a representative sample of housing units in the United States. For the 2006 survey, approximately 135,300 residents in 76,000 housing units were interviewed. Response rates were 91% of eligible housing units and 86% of eligible individuals in interviewed households. In 2006, the total U.S. population age 12 and older was 247,290,210. The total number of households in the United States in 2006 was 117,952,450. The NCVS is based on interviews with victims and therefore cannot measure murder.

Users should be aware that due to changes in methodology implemented for the 2006 survey, these national level estimates are not comparable to NCVS estimates from previous years. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see [Appendix 8](#).

<sup>a</sup>Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

<sup>b</sup>Does not include murder or manslaughter.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization, 2006*, Bulletin NCJ 219413 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, December 2007), p. 3. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.