

Sourcebook of criminal justice statistics Online

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Table 3.151.2010

Injuries, deaths, and hostages taken during violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute

By type of victim, United States, 1999-2010

	Type of victim							
	Total	Customer	Employee	Employee family	Perpetrator	Law officer	Guard	Other
Injuries								
1999	149	23	78	0	15	11	9	13
2000	166	35	81	0	23	13	7	7
2001	160	31	92	2	19	6	6	4
2002	164	18	88	0	28	15	11	4
2003	153	23	79	0	25	7	11	8
2004	146	19	93	0	20	4	5	5
2005	141	22	81	0	21	9	5	3
2006	129	17	75	0	17	8	5	7
2007 ^a	101	24	51	1	13	3	4	3
2008	123	18	69	0	14	7	13	2
2009	140	21	79	0	27	9	4	0
2010	106	15	66	0	13	3	4	5
Deaths								
1999	27	0	2	1	22	0	2	0
2000	23	1	1	0	19	0	1	1
2001	14	1	2	0	9	1	1	0
2002	28	1	6	0	18	0	2	1
2003	21	3	2	0	14	0	1	1
2004	20	0	2	0	13	0	3	2
2005	21	0	0	0	17	2	1	1
2006	13	0	1	0	10	1	1	0
2007	18	0	3	0	12	2	1	0
2008	23	0	1	0	17	2	0	3
2009	21	0	0	0	21	0	0	0
2010	16	0	0	0	13	0	0	3
Hostages taken								
1999	103	16	68	7	X	0	1	11
2000	108	38	46	4	X	0	3	17
2001	51	2	34	2	X	0	4	9
2002	137	26	102	1	X	0	3	5
2003	82	10	61	4	X	0	4	3
2004	74	9	50	2	X	0	0	13
2005	70	11	49	2	X	0	2	6
2006	80	18	49	2	X	0	2	9
2007 ^a	60	10	36	4	X	0	4	5
2008	105	13	80	7	X	0	3	2
2009	94	22	67	1	X	1	2	1
2010	90	20	64	1	X	0	0	5

Note: These bank crime statistics were compiled by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Violations of the Federal Bank Robbery and Incidental Crimes Statute include robbery, burglary (entry of bank and/or theft from bank during non-business hours), and larceny (theft not involving direct confrontation between offender and bank personnel or customers) of commercial banks, mutual savings banks, savings and loan institutions, credit unions, and armored carrier companies. Extortion violations also are investigated under the statute and include extortion and kidnaping of bank officials or their families.

^aTotals include two injuries and one hostage situation related to extortion incidents, for which data on the type of victim were unavailable. Therefore, detail will not add to totals.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, "Bank Crime Statistics, Federally Insured Financial Institutions, January 1, 1999-December 31, 1999," pp. 5, 6; "January 1, 2000-December 31, 2000," p. 5; "January 1, 2001-December 31, 2001," p. 5; "January 1, 2002-December 31, 2002," p. 5; "January 1, 2003-December 31, 2003," pp. 5, 6; "January 1, 2004-December 31, 2004," pp. 5, 6; "January 1, 2005-December 31, 2005," p. 5; "January 1, 2006-December 31, 2006," p. 5. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice. (Mimeographed.); "Bank Crime Statistics 2007," [Online]. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/stat-services/publications/bank-crime-statistics-2007/bank-crime-statistics-2007-q4> [July 16, 2008]; "Bank Crime Statistics 2008," [Online]. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/stats-services/publications/bank-crime-statistics-2008/bank-crime-statistics-2008-final> [July 7, 2009]; "Bank Crime Statistics 2009," [Online]. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/stats-services/publications/bank-crime-statistics-2009/bank-crime-statistics-2009> [Mar. 22, 2010]; "Bank Crime Statistics 2010," [Online]. Available: <http://www.fbi.gov/stats-services/publications/bank-crime-statistics-2010/bank-crime-statistics-2010> [Apr. 5, 2011]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.