

**Sourcebook of criminal justice statistics Online**

http://www.albany.edu/sourcebook/pdf/t3112006.pdf

Table 3.111.2006

**Number of offenses known to police and average loss incurred**

By selected offenses and type of target, United States, 2006

(12,315 agencies; 2006 estimated population 241,246,715)

Offense and type of target	Number of offenses 2006	Percent change over 2005 <sup>a</sup>	Percent <sup>b</sup>	Average property loss (in dollars)
Robbery	343,282	8.7%	100.0%	\$1,268
Street/highway	152,873	10.5	44.5	980
Commercial house	46,815	3.5	13.6	1,589
Gas or service station	9,265	3.5	2.7	1,169
Convenience store	19,121	6.1	5.6	761
Residence	49,124	8.0	14.3	1,469
Bank	7,359	10.5	2.1	4,330
Miscellaneous	58,725	10.7	17.1	1,389
Burglary	1,734,074	1.3	100.0	1,834
Residence (dwelling)	1,147,891	1.6	66.2	1,823
Night	326,811	0.3	18.8	1,464
Day	559,967	3.4	32.3	1,917
Unknown	261,113	-0.3	15.1	2,070
Nonresidence (store, office, etc.)	586,183	0.7	33.8	1,855
Night	243,844	0.2	14.1	1,602
Day	186,179	3.5	10.7	1,804
Unknown	156,160	-1.7	9.0	2,311
Larceny-theft (except motor vehicle theft)	5,265,007	-2.7	100.0	855
By type				
Pocket-picking	22,926	1.4	0.4	443
Purse-snatching	31,873	-3.0	0.6	440
Shoplifting	695,387	-7.2	13.2	194
From motor vehicles (except accessories)	1,396,481	-0.4	26.5	734
Motor vehicle accessories	508,951	-8.5	9.7	522
Bicycles	184,269	-4.8	3.5	263
From buildings	661,217	-2.7	12.6	1,170
From coin-operated machines	28,101	-15.3	0.5	317
All others	1,735,802	-0.2	33.0	1,280
By value				
Over \$200	2,235,522	2.5	42.5	1,938
\$50 to \$200	1,175,156	-3.1	22.3	111
Under \$50	1,854,329	-8.0	35.2	21
Motor vehicle theft	990,261	-3.2	100.0	6,649

Note: See Note, [table 3.106.2006](#). "Commercial house" refers to nonresidential structures, with the exception of gas stations, convenience stores, and banking-type institutions. "Loss" refers to property taken during the commission of the offense only. All Part I offenses, except aggravated assault and arson, including those that involve no loss of property, were used in compiling "average loss." The taking of money or property in connection with an assault is categorized as robbery. Arson is not included in the data set from which these figures are derived. Therefore the Source excluded these offenses from this table. These data are based on law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for at least 6 months in 2006 (Source, Table 23). Complete data were not available for Illinois; crime counts for Illinois were estimated by the Source. For definitions of offenses, see [Appendix 3](#).

<sup>a</sup>Percent change calculations are based only on agencies submitting 6 or more common months of data for both 2005 and 2006. As a result, direct comparisons should not be made with similar data presented in previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

<sup>b</sup>Because of rounding, percents may not add to total.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 2006*, Table 23 [Online]. Available: [http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/data/table\\_23.html](http://www.fbi.gov/ucr/cius2006/data/table_23.html) [Oct. 16, 2007]. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.