

## **Resource Specialist, Resource Generalist**

**Specialize: Choose Narrow Set of Resources**

**Generalize: Choose Broad Set of Resources**

## **Concepts Apply Across Extensive Consumer Choices**

**Evolved Response, Phenotypically Plasticity**

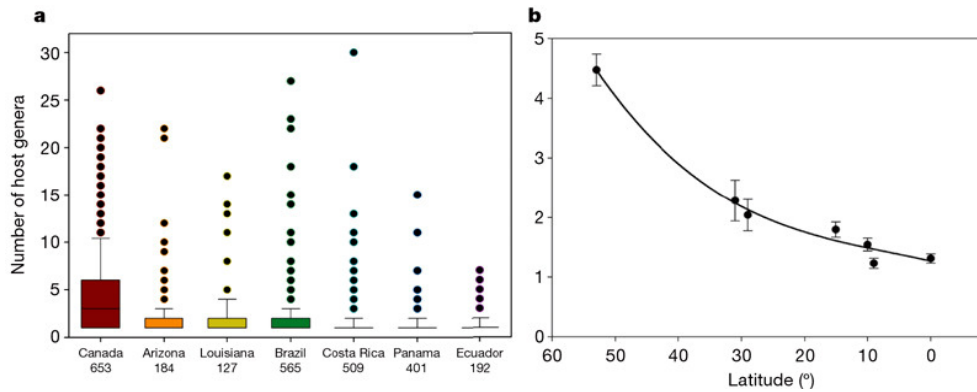
---

## **Approach: Dietary Choice**

**Forager: Selecting food types, Discrete prey types**

**Simple Optimality (Solitary Forager)**

**No Social Interaction**



## Number Host Plants Chosen by Butterfly Species

### Varies with Latitude

Larval Herbivores: Often Choice  $\Leftrightarrow$  Oviposition

**Canada: *Generalist* Species (4 -5 Host Genera)**

**Ecuador: *Specialist* Species (1 + Genus)**

**Why Do Some Consumers Choose Narrow Diet,**

**While Others Choose Broad Diet?**



## **OPTIMAL DIET: “CONTINGENCY MODEL”**

***Constraints:***

**SIMULTANEOUS SEARCH, SEQUENTIAL ENCOUNTER**

**PREY TYPES 1 & 2**

**WHILE SEARCHING ENCOUNTER TYPE  $j$  AT RATE  $\lambda_j$ ;  $j = 1, 2$**

**Prey-type density, How “apparent” to forager**

**ENCOUNTER TYPE  $J$  ITEM:**

**ACCEPT: HANDLING TIME  $h_j$ , NET ENERGY  $E_j$**

**REJECT: SEARCH CONTINUES**

**Mutually exclusive behaviors**

**ASSUME REPEATED CYCLES SEARCH AND HANDLING:**

**Important for Currency of Fitness**

***Develop Currency of Fitness:***

**RANK PREY: PROFITABILITY  $E_j/h_j$**

**$E_1/h_1 > E_2/h_2$ : TYPE 1 "PREFERRED"**

**HYPOTHESIZE THAT SELECTION FAVORS INCREASES IN**

**NET RATE OF ENERGY GAIN WHILE FORAGING**

**COMPARE TYPE 1 SPECIALIST (NARROW DIET)**

**WITH GENERALIST (BOTH TYPES, BROAD DIET)**

**ASSUME FORAGER SEARCHES FOR TIME  $T_s$**

**SPECIALIST**

**ENCOUNTERS  $\lambda_1 T_s$  ITEMS,  $E_1 = \text{ENERGY} / \text{ITEM}$**

**ENERGY =  $\lambda_1 T_s E_1$**

**TIME = SEARCH + HANDLING**

**TIME =  $T_s + \lambda_1 T_s (h_1)$**

**RATE OF ENERGY GAIN = ENERGY / TIME**

**SPECIALIST  $R_1 = \lambda_1 T_s E_1 / (T_s + \lambda_1 T_s h_1)$**

**$R_1 = \lambda_1 E_1 / (1 + \lambda_1 h_1)$**

## **GENERALIST: FASTER ENCOUNTER, LOWER PROFITABILITY**

**ENCOUNTER RATE  $(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2)$ ,  $T_s$  SEARCH TIME**

### **Simultaneous search**

**$(\lambda_j T_s)$  ITEMS OF TYPE  $J$ ;  $J = 1, 2$**

$$\mathbf{ENERGY = } T_s (\lambda_1 E_1 + \lambda_2 E_2)$$

**TIME = SEARCH + HANDLING**

$$\mathbf{TIME = } T_s + T_s (\lambda_1 h_1 + \lambda_2 h_2)$$

$$\mathbf{TIME = } T_s (1 + \lambda_1 h_1 + \lambda_2 h_2)$$

**RATE OF ENERGY GAIN GENERALIST**

$$\mathbf{R_{1,2} = } \{ T_s (\lambda_1 E_1 + \lambda_2 E_2) \} / \{ T_s (1 + \lambda_1 h_1 + \lambda_2 h_2) \}$$

$$\mathbf{= } (\lambda_1 E_1 + \lambda_2 E_2) / (1 + \lambda_1 h_1 + \lambda_2 h_2)$$

**BY HYPOTHESIS, PREDICT:**

**SPECIALIZATION IF  $R_1 > R_{1,2}$**

**$R_1 > R_{1,2}$  :**

**$(E_1/E_2)h_2 > (1/\lambda_1) + h_1$**

**1. Solve for  $R_1$**

**SPECIALIZE:  $(E_2/h_2) < (\lambda_1 E_1)/(1 + \lambda_1 h_1) = R_1$**

**PROFITABILITY OF ENCOUNTERED ITEM < CURRENT RATE**

**Solve for Mean Time to Find Type 1 Item**

**SPECIALIZE:  $(1/\lambda_1) < (E_1/E_2)h_2 - h_1$**

**LET  $E_1 = E_2$  :**

**$1/\lambda_1 + h_1 < h_2$**

**FIND & EAT PREFERRED ITEM BEFORE CONSUME TYPE 2**

**SPECIALIZE:  $(1/\lambda_1) < (E_1/E_2) h_2 - h_1$**

**OPTIMAL DIET INDEPENDENT OF TYPE-2 DENSITY  $\lambda_2$**

**INCREASED  $\lambda_1, E_1$**

**DECREASED  $h_1$**

**INCREASED  $h_2$**

**DECREASED  $E_2$**