

A forager searches for two prey types simultaneously; items are encountered sequentially. While searching, the forager encounters type-1 items at rate 0.5 items/unit time. Type-2 items are encountered at rate 1 item/unit time. Net energy yields for the two prey types are equal. Handling time for a type-1 item is 3 time units. Handling time for a type-2 item is 4.5 time units. To maximize its mean rate of energy gain, the forager should:

- A) specialize on type-1 prey      B) specialize on type-2 prey  
C) take both prey types

### **Identify parameters**

$$E_1 = E_2 = e; \text{ minimize time/item}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1/2; \lambda_2 = 1 \quad h_1 = 3; h_2 = 4.5$$

### **More profitable?**

$$e/h_1 = 1/3 > 1/(4.5) = e/h_2$$

*Know: Don't specialize on type-2*

### **Specialize on type-1 ?**

$$h_2 > (1/\lambda_1) + h_1; 4.5 > 2 + 3 ?$$

*Know: Generalize*

Again, a forager searches for two prey types simultaneously; items are encountered sequentially. Encounter rates are  $\lambda_i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ), net energy yields per item are  $E_i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ), and the handling times are  $h_i$  ( $i = 1, 2$ ). Consider the following parameters:

$$\lambda_1 = 1/3, E_1 = 3, h_1 = 2; \text{ \& } \lambda_2 = 1/2, E_2 = 6, h_2 = 6$$

To maximize the average rate of energy gain, the forager should:

- A) specialize on type-1 prey
- B) specialize on type-2 prey
- C) generalize

**More profitable?**

$$E_1/h_1 = 3/2 > E_2/h_2 = 6/6 = 1$$

*Know: Don't specialize on type-2*

**Specialize on type-1 ?**

$$(E_1/E_2) h_2 > (1/\lambda_1) + h_1$$

$$(3/6) 6 > 3 + 2 ?$$

*Know: Generalize*